

Resources

ON CAMPUS

LSUHSC Police (504) 568-8999

Campus Assistance Program (504) 568-8888

Human Resources (504) 568-4834

Administration

Chancellor
Larry Hollier, MD (504) 568-4800

Vice Chancellor of Academic Affairs
Joseph Moerschbaeche, PhD (504) 568-4804

Student Affairs

LSUHSC School of Dentistry
Darlene Brunet, RDH, MEd (504) 941-8122

LSUHSC School of Allied Health Professions
Yudi Delgado (504) 568-4253

LSUHSC School of Nursing
Catherine Lopez, RN, DHEd (504) 568-4180

LSUHSC School of Medicine
Joe Delcarpio, PhD (504) 568-4874

LSUHSC School of Graduate Studies
Kathleen McDonough, PhD (504) 568-6197

LSUHSC School of Public Health
Alice LeBlanc, MPH (504) 568-5747

OFF CAMPUS

Local Police 911

Metropolitan Crisis Response Team (Orleans, St. Bernard & Plaquemines Parishes) (504) 826-2675

Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault Hotlines
Orleans Parish (504) 866-9554
Jefferson Parish (504) 837-5400
National Domestic Violence Hotline 800-799-7233
National Sexual Assault Hotline 800-656-4673

Stalking Resource Center
<http://www.victimsofcrime.org/src>

Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault
www.lafasa.org



For Help. Call Today.

Campus Assistance Program
1542 Tulane Ave. office 866
New Orleans, LA. 70112
(504) 568-8888

Campus Police
433 Bolivar St. 1st floor
New Orleans, LA. 70112
(504) 568-8999

Preventing Violence On Campus



**Prepared by The LSUHSC
Campus Assistance Program
(504) 568-8888**

<http://www.lsubsc.edu/orgs/campushealth/>
and The

**LSUHSC Campus Police
(504) 568-8999**

<http://www.is.lsubsc.edu/police/>

Statement



Violence including sexual assaults, threats of violence including verbal and non-verbal threatening behavior, and harassment against any LSUHSC-NO employee, student or visitor are unacceptable and is not permitted on the LSUHSC-NO campus.

LSUHSC-NO is committed to maintaining a campus free from violence including sexual assaults, threats of violence including verbal and non-verbal threatening behavior, and harassment.

Violence can permanently impact our employees and students lives and may cause lasting physical and psychological harm. LSUHSC-NO believes that violent, threatening or harassing behavior violates our institutional values and presents a barrier to fulfilling the Health Sciences Center's mission of education, research and public service.

Sexual Violence Includes

Domestic Violence

Attempting to cause or causing physical harm to another family or household member, placing another family or household member in fear or physical harm, and threats of force or duress.

Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim is dating violence. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Stalking

Is the intentional and repeated following or harassing of another person that would cause a reasonable person to feel alarmed or to suffer emotional distress. Stalking shall include but not be limited to the intentional and repeated uninvited presence of the perpetrator at another person's home, workplace, school, or any place which would cause a reasonable person to be alarmed, or to suffer emotional distress as a result of verbal or behaviorally implied threats of death, bodily injury, sexual assault, kidnapping, or any other statutory criminal act to himself or any member of his family or any person with whom he is acquainted.

Sexual Assault

Sexual assault is any type of sexual contact or behavior that occurs without the explicit consent of the recipient. Falling under the definition of sexual assault are sexual activities as forced sexual intercourse, forcible sodomy, child molestation, incest, fondling, and attempted rape.

Risk Reduction

Bystander Intervention:

A bystander is any person who is present during and a witness to an event. Bystander intervention is an essential component in preventing sexual violence because it addresses harmful behaviors before they escalate.

Watch out for your fellow employees and students if you see someone who looks like they are in trouble, ask if they are okay. If you see a friend doing something they shouldn't, say something.

Be respectful of yourself and others. Make sure any sexual act is OK with your partner if you initiate.

Speak up if someone says something offensive, derogatory, or abusive, let them know that behavior is wrong and you don't want to be around it. Don't laugh at racist, sexist, homophobic jokes. Challenge your peers to be respectful.

Believe someone who discloses a sexual assault, abusive relationship, or experience with stalking or cyber stalking. Let them know resources are available.

Take Away the Advantages:

Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way to get out of a bad situation.

Try to **avoid isolated areas**. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.

Don't allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.

Limit your consumption of intoxicants to the point where you can still defend yourself if you have to (a survey of students at 171 institutions of higher education revealed that alcohol was involved in 74% of all sexual assaults).

Trust your instincts. If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably isn't the best place to be.