One of the underlying principles of the Belmont Report is “Respect for Person”. It is the interpretation of the LSUHSC-NO Human Research Protection Program that this principle provides the right of an individual subject to determine whether they want to allow their tissue or health information to be used for unspecified future research. It is the policy of this program that subjects must be provided the right to choose whether they will allow the use of their tissue or health information for such purposes. Participation in the main study under consideration by the subject cannot be conditioned on a subject’s affirmative agreement to the use of their tissue or health information in any unspecified future research. Following a complete description of such a request in the informed consent document, a check box can be used, for substudies related to the parent study to provide documentation of the subject’s preference. This check box should be initialed or signed and dated by the subject. This policy does not prevent the development of “stand-alone” tissue banks or research data repositories from which tissue or data will be extracted for future research projects. Such repositories and banks must be developed pursuant to IRB approval as do any studies for which tissue or information from these repositories will be utilized. For all tissue banks and data repositories whether associated with collection from a parent study or not, informed consent must be obtained and informed consent documents should describe the general nature of the research for which the material may be used, e.g., oncology studies. If the intent is to develop a “stand alone” tissue repository for unspecified future research by collecting tissue during a parent study, a separate consent form and HIPAA authorization document must be used.